Standardization of WFDSS for Alaska

The Protection Agency is responsible for initiating new fires in WFDSS. Fires within State protection will be uploaded nightly through the Integrated Fire Management system (IFM). The fire will be transferred to the appropriate Jurisdictional Agency or Agencies. It is at the Jurisdictional Agency policy(s) and discretion to complete additional entries or to 'publish' a decision.

Information tab data standards for Alaska.

Incident Type: Typically wildfire.

Incident Name: Statewide sequential 3 digit fire number followed by fire name (no parenthesis or dashes; fire name starts with a capital letter followed by small letters, i.e. 123 Sample).

Point of Origin: Latitude and longitude of the fire start.

Unique Fire Identifier (*Must be Unique - no duplicate numbers!*):

- **Year:** The system will default to current year (this field is non-editable).
- **Unit ID:** Protecting Agency (AK followed by the Protecting Agency Unit ID. See attached list. Do not use hyphen and use all capital letters i.e. AKSWS.
- **Local Number:** The statewide sequential fire number issued by AICC. For fires that have been assigned a State Code, enter the entire 6 digit number.
- **Fire Code:** The 4 character federal Fire Code, if one is assigned, or 6 character USFS code.

Responsible Unit Name at Point of Origin: Protecting Agency Zone/ Area/ District responsible for fire. This is auto-filled from the surface management agency map. If wrong, submit correction through the feedback button.

Incident Size: Include fire size at time of fire discovery. This field will be updated to reflect accurate fire size during the decision process.

Incident Cause: Select if known.

Discovery Date and Time: Enter date of discovery (mm/dd/yyyy); note that system defaults to current date

Containment Date and Time: Leave Blank until containment. The Protecting Agency is responsible for determining containment date (mm/dd/yyyy) and entering that date.

Controlled Date and Time: Leave blank until controlled. The Protecting Agency is responsible for determining the controlled data (mm/dd/yyyy) and entering that date.

Out Date and Time: Leave blank until declared out. The Protecting Agency is responsible for determining the out date (mm/dd/yyyy) but the Jurisdictional Agency is responsible for entering that date into WFDSS. Once the fire is declared out in WFDSS, no further edits can be made to the document.

Jurisdictional Unit at Point of Origin: This will be auto-filled.

Jurisdictional Agency(s): Jurisdictional agency(s) on which the fire is burning. Use Toggle buttons to select.

Landscape Data Source: Select: Alaska Refresh 2010 1.2.0

(User is able to set their system Preferences to default to this data source)

> - **Owner Name:** Name of individual from the Jurisdictional Agency who is the author of the document. In most cases, this will be the Jurisdictional Agency FMO.
> - **Group Ownership:** The feature facilitates assigning multiple Owners to a multi-jurisdictional fire. Each Owner has author privileges and the authority to bring the document for decision, and can add privileges for additional editors from their organization. Any owner can initiate the decision process.

Unit ID and Responsible Unit at Point of Origin:

Unit ID	Agency	Unit Name
TNF	FS	Tongass National Forest
CNF	FS	Chugach National Forest
GAD	BLM	AFS – Galena Zone
TAD	BLM	AFS – Tanana Zone
UYD	BLM	AFS – Upper Yukon Zone
MID	BLM	AFS – Military Zone
CRS	State	Copper River Area
DAS	State	Delta Area
FAS	State	Fairbanks Area
HNS	State	Southeast (Haines) Area
KKS	State	Kenai-Kodiak Area
MSS	State	Mat-Su Area
SWS	State	Southwest Area
TAS	State	Tok Area